

Page 1 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

TEST REPORT IEC 62471

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Report Reference No.: STUESO230300058LM

Date of issue: Mar. 27 2023

Total number of pages: 21

Testing Laboratory Standard Technology Union Co., Ltd

Address: No.203, Building B, Jingye Sanjie, Yushu Industrial Park, Guang-

zhou Economic & Technological Development Zone, Guangzhou,

Guangdong, China

Applicant's name Faster Technology Service (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Baolong Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen

Test specification:

Standard: IEC 62471:2006 (First Edition)

Test procedure: Commission test

Non-standard test method.....: N/A

Test Report Form No. IEC62471A

TRF Originator: VDE Testing and Certification Institute

Master TRF: Dated 2009-05

Copyright © 2009 IEC System for Conformity Testing and Certification of Electrical Equipment (IECEE), Geneva, Switzerland. All rights reserved.

This publication may be reproduced in whole or in part for non-commercial purposes as long as the IECEE is acknowledged as copyright owner and source of the material. IECEE takes no responsibility for and will not assume liability for damages resulting from the reader's interpretation of the reproduced material due to its placement and context.

Test item description.....: UV Eyelash Extension Lamp

Trade Mark....:: ---

Manufacturer.....: Faster Technology Service (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Address : Room 401, No. 58.59, Lanshui New Village, Longxin Community,

Baolong Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen

PL009, PL010, PL011, PL012.

Ratings 5V _____ ,1A, LEDs, Class III, IP20;

(See general product information)



Page 2 of 21

Report No.:	STUES	0230300	058LM
-------------	-------	---------	-------

Testi	ng procedure and testing location:		
	Testing Laboratory:	Standard Technology Union Co., Ltd	
Testi	ng location/ address:	No.203, Building B, Jingye Sanjie, Yushu Industrial Park, Guangzhou Economic & Technological Development Zone, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	
	Associated Laboratory:		
Testi	ng location/ address	CO., LTD TEC	
	Tested by (name + signature):	Juener Li	
		(LVD Engineer)	
	Approved by (+ signature):	Johnson Xie	
		(LVD Engineer)	
	Testing procedure: TMP		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature):		
Testi	ng location/ address		
	Testing procedure: WMT		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Witnessed by (+ signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature):		
Testi	ng location/ address		
	Tasking proceedings OMT		
	Testing procedure: SMT		
	Tested by (name + signature)		
	Approved by (+ signature)		
Toot	Supervised by (+ signature)		
resti	ng location/ address		
	Testing procedure: RMT		
	Tested by (name + signature):		
	Approved by (+ signature)		
	Supervised by (+ signature):		
Testi	ng location/ address:		



Page 3 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

Summary of testing:

Full test with model FL001.

Tests performed (name of test and test clause):

These tests fulfil the requirements of standard ISO/IEC 17025.

When determining the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.

List of attachments:

Annex 1: European Group Differences and National Differences

Annex 2: Product photo

Testing location:

Standard Technology Union Co., Ltd No.203, Building B, Jingye Sanjie, Yushu Industrial Park, Guangzhou Economic & Technological Development Zone, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

Name and address of production sites (Factories):

Same as manufacturer

Summary of compliance with National Differences:

Compliance with the National requirements of European group differences and national differences for EN 62471: 2008.

Copy of marking plate:

N/A



Page 4 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

Test item particulars		
Tested lamp	□ continuous wave lam	ps pulsed lamps
Tested lamp system	N/A	
Lamp classification group:	⊠ exempt ☐ risk 1	☐ risk 2 ☐ risk 3
Lamp cap		
Bulb		
Rated of the lamp		
Furthermore marking on the lamp:		
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard:		
Used measurement instrument:	Ref. to List of test equipr	ment used
Temperature by measurement:	25 ± 5°C	
Information for safety use:	For indoor use	
Possible test case verdicts:		
- test case does not apply to the test object:	N/A (Not applicable)	
test object does meet the requirement:	P (Pass)	
test object does not meet the requirement:	F (Fail)	
Testing:		
Date of receipt of test item:	Mar. 24 2023	
Date (s) of performance of tests:	Mar. 24 2023 to Mar. 27	2023
General remarks:		
The test results presented in this report relate only to the This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information as "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the Throughout this report a comma (point) is used as the List of test equipment must be kept on file and available.	ut the written approval of opended to the report. The report. The decimal separator.	the Issuing testing laboratory.
General product information:		
The product can emit Blue light when powered.		
This report cover the following models:		
Model No.	Rati	ngs
PL001, PL002, PL003, PL004, PL005, PL006, PL00	7, PL008, 5V =	,1A, LEDs, 3,65W
PL009, PL010, PL011, PL012.		
The all models have same construction and compone	nts, Using the same LEDs	s, only the appearance shape



		Page 5 of 21	Report No.: STUESO	230300058LM
		IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result – Remark	Verdict
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS			Р
4.1	General			Р
	The exposure limits in this st 0,01 ms and not more than a should be used as guides in	any 8-hour period and		Р
	Detailed spectral data of a lig required only if the luminance 10 ⁴ cd·m ⁻²		see clause 4.3	Р
4.3	Hazard exposure limits			Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure	limit for the skin and eye	No UV hazard	Р
	The exposure limit for effecti 30 J m ⁻² within any 8-hour pe			Р
	To protect against injury of t traviolet radiation exposure band source, the effective ir diance, E _S , of the light sour levels defined by:	produced by a broad- ntegrated spectral irra-		P
	$E_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_t E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{\rm UV}(\lambda) \cdot t$	$\Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30$ J·m ⁻²		Р
	The permissible time for exp ation incident upon the unprobe computed by:			Р
	$t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{s}}}$ s			Р
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure lin	mit for eye		Р
	For the spectral region 315 n total radiant exposure to the 10000 J m ⁻² for exposure tim exposure times greater than 16 minutes) the UV-A irradia eye, E _{UVA} , shall not exceed 1	eye shall not exceed es less than 1000 s. For 1000 s (approximately ince for the unprotected		P
	The permissible time for exp ation incident upon the unpro than 1000 s, shall be compu	otected eye for time less		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$			Р
-	- 		1	+

Р

Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit

4.3.3



Page 6 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , L_B , shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$L_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^6 \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$		P
	$L_{B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ W · m ⁻² · sr ⁻¹	for t > 10 ⁴ s	Р
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	9	N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_{λ} , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	N/A
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	for t ≤ 100 s	N/A
	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1$ $W \cdot m^{-2}$	for t > 100 s	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L_{λ} , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(_{\lambda})$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} I_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0.25}}$ W·m ⁻² ·sr ⁻¹	(10 µs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	Р
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual s	stimulus	N/A
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, $L_{\rm IR}$, as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		N/A
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	t > 10 s	N/A
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		Р



Page 7 of 21

Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

IEC 62471				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	
	•			
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E _{IR} , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		Р	
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75}$ W·m ⁻²	t ≤ 1000 s	Р	
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		Р	
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ W · m ⁻²	t > 1000 s	Р	
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		Р	
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		Р	
	$E_{\text{H}} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0.25}$ J·m ⁻²		Р	
			1	
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	S	Р	
5.1	Measurement conditions	1	Р	
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		Р	
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		Р	
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		Р	
5.1.2	Test environment		Р	
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		Р	
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		Р	
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		Р	
5.1.4	Lamp operation		Р	
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р	
	 the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or 		N/A	



Page 8 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
			·
	 the manufacturer's recommendation 		N/A
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		N/A
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		N/A
	 the appropriate IEC standard, or 		N/A
	 the manufacturer's recommendation 		N/A
5.2	Measurement procedure		Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		Р
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		Р
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		Р
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.		Р
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		Р
5.2.2	Radiance measurements		Р
5.2.2.1	Standard method		Р
	The measurements made with an optical system.		Р
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		Р
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		N/A
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irra- diance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radi- ance measurements.		N/A
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		Р
	The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		Р
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N/A
	The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods		Р
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		Р



Page 9 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	P
5.3.2	Calculations		Р
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	Р
			1
6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION	T	Р
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	Р
	 for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either ir- radiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm 	200 mm;	P
	 for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 		N/A
6.1	Continuous wave lamps	,	Р
6.1.1	Except Group		Р
	In the except group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		Р
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor 		Р
	 a near-UV hazard (E_{UVA}) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor 		Р
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor 		Р
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		Р
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 1000 s 		Р
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N/A



Page 10 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:		N/A
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 10000 s, nor 		N/A
	 a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 300 s, nor 		N/A
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 100 s, nor 		N/A
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		N/A
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 100 s 		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ($L_{\rm IR}$), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		N/A
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N/A
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N/A
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 1000 s exposure, nor 		N/A
	 a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 100 s, nor 		N/A
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		N/A
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		N/A
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 10 s 		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		N/A
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N/A
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N/A



Page 11 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

		IEC 62471		
Clause	Re	equirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	-	a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
	_	for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group		N/A
	_	for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission		N/A



Page 12 of 21

	IEC 62471				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		

Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

Wavelength ¹	UV hazard function	Wavelength	UV hazard function
λ, nm	S _{υν} (λ)	λ, nm	S _{uv} (λ)
200	0,030	313*	0,006
205	0,051	315	0,003
210	0,075	316	0,0024
215	0,095	317	0,0020
220	0,120	318	0,0016
225	0,150	319	0,0012
230	0,190	320	0,0010
235	0,240	322	0,00067
240	0,300	323	0,00054
245	0,360	325	0,00050
250	0,430	328	0,00044
254*	0,500	330	0,00041
255	0,520	333*	0,00037
260	0,650	335	0,00034
265	0,810	340	0,00028
270	1,000	345	0,00024
275	0,960	350	0,00020
280*	0,880	355	0,00016
285	0,770	360	0,00013
290	0,640	365*	0,00011
295	0,540	370	0,000093
297*	0,460	375	0,000077
300	0,300	380	0,000064
303*	0,120	385	0,000053
305	0,060	390	0,000044
308	0,026	395	0,000036
310	0,015	400	0,000030

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.

^{*} Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



Page 13 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

IEC 62471						
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result – Remark	Verdict		

Wavelength	Blue-light hazard function	Burn hazard function
nm	Β (λ)	R (λ)
300	0,01	
305	0,01	
310	0,01	
315	0,01	
320	0,01	
325	0,01	
330	0,01	
335	0,01	
340	0,01	
345	0,01	
350	0,01	
355	0,01	
360	0,01	
365	0,01	
370	0,01	
375	0,01	
380	0,01	0,1
385	0,013	0,13
390	0,025	0,25
395	0,05	0,5
400	0,10	1,0
405	0,20	2,0
410	0,40	4,0
415	0,80	8,0
420	0,90	9,0
425	0,95	9,5
430	0,98	9,8
435	1,00	10,0
440	1,00	10,0
445	0,97	9,7
450	0,94	9,4
455	0,90	9,0
460	0,80	8,0
465	0,70	7,0
470	0,62	6,2
475	0,55	5,5
480	0,45	4,5
485	0,40	4,0
490	0,22	2,2
495	0,16	1,6
500-600	10 ^{((450-λ)/50)}	1,0
600.700	0.004	1.0

0,001

600-700



Page 14 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

IEC 62471					
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		

Table 4.2	Spectral weighting fun sources	Spectral weighting functions for assessing retinal hazards from broadband optical sources				
	700-1050	10[(700-\)/500]				
	1050-1150	0,2				
	1150-1200	$0,2\cdot 10^{0,02(1150-\lambda)}$				
	1200-1400	0,02				



Page 15 of 21

Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 5.4	Su	mmary of the ELs for the	surface of the sl	kin or cornea (irradiance bas	sed values)
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of con- stant irradiance W•m ⁻²
Actinic UV skin & eye		$E_{S} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t
Eye UV-A		$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10
Blue-light small source	}	$E_B = \sum E_\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0
Eye IR		$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t ^{0,75} 100
Skin thermal		$E_H = \sum E_\lambda \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/t ^{0,75}

Table 5.5	Summary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)						
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in ter constant r W·m ⁻²	adiance
				0,25 – 10	0,011•√(t/10)	10 ⁶	/t
Blue light		$L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	10-100	0,011	10 ⁶	/t
				100-10000	0,0011•√t	10 ⁶	/t
				≥ 10000	0,1	100)
Retinal thermal Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25	0,0017	50000/(0	α•t ^{0,25})
				0,25 – 10	0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(d	α•t ^{0,25})
		$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000)/α



Report No.: STUESO230300058LM Page 16 of 21

	rage to et 21 Report tion of e20020000000					
IEC 62471						
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result –	Remark	Verdict		

Table 6.1	Emission limits	for risk group	s of continuo	us wave lam	ps (α=65,21m	rad)			Р
						Emission M	easurement		·
Risk	Action spectrum	Sympol	Units	Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk	
	opoon a.m			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	$S_{UV}(\lambda)$	Es	W•m ⁻²	0,001	1.062E-04	0,003		0,03	
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m ⁻²	10	1.260E-04	33		100	
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	1.320E-04	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E _B	W•m ⁻²	1,0*	0,000	1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(\lambda)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	3.3160	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L _{IR}	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	6000/α	0,000	6000/α		6000/α	
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m ⁻²	100	1.012E-01	570		3200	

Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



Page 17 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Clause	Measurement / testing	Testing / measuring equipment / material used	Range used	Calibration date
5	Irradiance and Radiance measurements	UV Radiation Safety Measurement System	200 – 3000 nm	Last cal. date: 2022-11-12
		SENSING		Next cal. date: 2023-11-11



Page 18 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

IEC 62471					
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		

	Annex 1: European Group Differences and National Differences	Р	
--	--	---	--

ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 62471 EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES PHOTOBIOLOGICAL SAFETY OF LAMPS AND LAMPS SYSTEMS

Differences according: EN 62471:2008

Annex Form No..... EU_GD_IEC62471A

Annex Form Originator: IMQ S.p.A.

Master Annex Form: 2009-07

Copyright © 2009 IEC System for Conformity Testing and Certification of Electrical Equipment (IECEE), Geneva, Switzerland. All rights reserved.

	CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)				
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS				
	Contents of the whole Clause 4 of IEC 62471:2006 moved into a new informative Annex ZB				
	Clause 4 replaced by the following:		Р		
	Limits of the Artificial Optical Radiation Directive (2006/25/EC) have been applied instead of those fixed in IEC 62471:2006	See appended table 6.1	Р		
4.1	General				
	First paragraph deleted	Noted			



Page 19 of 21

Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

				IEC 62	2471				
Clause	Requirement +	- Test		T	Result – Remar	·k			Verdict
Table 6.1 Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (based on EU Directive 2006/25/ec) (α=65,21mrad).)	Р				
		Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement					
Risk	Action spectrum			Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk	
	SP CON UNIT			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S _{UV} (λ)	Es	W•m ⁻²	0,001	1.062E-04				
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m ⁻²	0,33	1.260E-04				
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	1.320E-04	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E _B	W•m ⁻²	1,0*	0,000	1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	3.3160	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal,	l R(λ)	L _{IR}	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	545000 0,0017≤α ≤0,011					
weak visual stimulus**				6000/α 0,011≤α≤ 0,1			0,000		
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m ⁻²	100	1.012E-01	570		3200	

Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



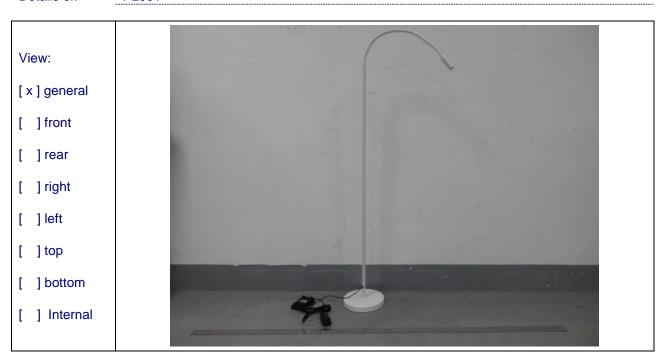
Page 20 of 21

Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

	IEC 62471	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	

Annex 2: Product photo

Details of: PL001



Details of: PL001





Page 21 of 21 Report No.: STUESO230300058LM

IEC 62471				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	

Details of: LEDs



--End of report---